Department of Veterans Affairs

- 13.103 Investments by Federal fiduciaries.
- 13.104 Accounts of court-appointed fiduciaries.
- 13.105 Surety bonds.
- 13.106 Investments by court-appointed fiduciaries.
- 13.107 Accounts of chief officers of public or private institutions.
- 13.108 Estate equals or exceeds statutory limit; 38 U.S.C. 5503(b)(1).
- 13.109 Determination of value of estate; 38 U.S.C. 5503(b)(1)(A) and 38 U.S.C. 5505.
- 13.110 Escheat; post fund.
- 13.111 Claims of creditors.

AUTHORITY: 72 Stat. 1114, 1232, as amended, 1237; 38 U.S.C. 501, 5502, 5503, 5711, unless otherwise noted.

EDITORIAL NOTE: Nomenclature changes to part 13 appear at 61 FR 7216, Feb. 27, 1996.

§ 13.1 Authority.

The regulations in this part are issued pursuant to 38 U.S.C. 501 to reflect action under 38 U.S.C. 512 and to implement 38 U.S.C. 5301, 5502, 5503, 5711 and 8520. The duties, the delegations of authority, and all actions required of the Veterans Services Officer set forth in §§ 13.1 through 13.111 inclusive, are to be performed under the direction of, and authority vested in, the Director of the field facility.

[40 FR 54247, Nov. 21, 1975]

§13.2 Field examinations.

- (a) Authority to conduct; generally. Field personnel in the Office of the Veterans Services Division and other employees who are qualified and designated by the field facility Director are authorized, when assigned, to conduct investigations (field examinations) and examine witnesses upon any matter within the jurisdiction of the Department of Veterans Affairs, to take affidavits, to administer oaths and affirmations, to certify copies of public or private documents and to aid claimants in the preparation of claims.
- (b) Scope of field examinations; fiduciary activities. Field examinations include but are not limited to the following:
- (1) Matters involving the administration of estates and the welfare of beneficiaries of the Department of Veterans Affairs who are under legal disability or in need of supervision by the Veterans Services Officer.

- (2) Matters involving the welfare and needs of dependents of incompetent beneficiaries.
- (3) Recovery of amounts due the Government or General Post Fund under laws administered by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

[40 FR 54247, Nov. 21, 1975]

§13.3 State legislation.

Field facility Directors are authorized to cooperate with the affiliated organizations, legislative committees, and through the General Counsel with local and State bar associations, to the end that deficiencies of the State laws relating to Department of Veterans Affairs operations may be removed. No action to commit the Department of Veterans Affairs regarding any proposed legislation relating to fiduciary matters will be taken without the approval of the Under Secretary for Benefits or designee.

[40 FR 54247, Nov. 21, 1975]

§ 13.55 Veterans Services Officer to select and appoint or recommend for appointment the person or legal entity to receive Department of Veterans Affairs benefits in a fiduciary capacity.

- (a) Authority. The Veterans Services Officer is authorized to select and appoint (or in the case of a court-appointed fiduciary, to recommend for appointment) the person or legal entity best suited to receive Department of Veterans Affairs benefits in a fiduciary capacity for a beneficiary who is mentally ill (incompetent) or under legal disability by reason of minority or court action, and beneficiary's dependents.
- (b) Payees. Authorized payees include:
- (1) The beneficiary (§13.56(c));
- (2) The beneficiary under supervision (supervised direct payment) (§13.56 (a) and (b)):
- (3) The wife or husband of an incompetent veteran (§13.57);
- (4) The legal custodian of a beneficiary's Department of Veterans Affairs benefits (§13.58):
- (5) A court-appointed fiduciary of a beneficiary (§13.59);

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- (6) The chief officer of the institution in which the veteran is receiving care and treatment (§13.61);
- (7) The bonded officer of an Indian reservation (§13.62);
- (8) A custodian-in-fact of the beneficiary (§13.63);
- (9) Dependents of the veteran by an apportioned award (§13.70).
- (c) Certification. The Veterans Services Officer's certification is authority to make payments to the designated payee.

[40 FR 54247, Nov. 21, 1975]

§13.56 Direct payment.

- (a) Veterans. Department of Veterans Affairs benefits payable to a veteran rated incompetent may be paid directly to the veteran in such amount as the Veterans Services Officer determines the veteran is able to manage with continuing supervision by the Veterans Services Officer, provided a fiduciary is not otherwise required. If it is determined that an amount less than the full entitlement is to be paid, such payment shall be for a limited period of time, generally 6 months, but in no event to exceed 1 year, after which full payment will be made and any funds withheld as a result of this section will be released to the veteran, if not otherwise payable to a fiduciary.
- (b) Other adults. Department of Veterans Affairs benefits payable to an adult beneficiary who has been rated or judicially declared incompetent may be paid directly to the beneficiary in such amounts as the Veterans Services Officer determines the beneficiary is able to mange with continuing supervision by the Veterans Services Officer, provided a fiduciary is not otherwise required. If it is determined that an amount less than the full entitlement is to be paid, such payment shall be for a limited period of time, generally 6 months, but in no event to exceed 1 year, after which full payment will be made and any funds withheld as a result of this section will be released to the beneficiary, if not otherwise payable to a fiduciary.
- (c) *Minors*. Department of Veterans Affairs benefits payable to a minor:
 - (1) May be paid direct when:

- (i) Arising in connection with a program of education or training under 38 U.S.C. ch. 35.
- (ii) The Veterans Services Officer determines it would be in the minor's best interests.
 - (2) Will be paid direct when:
- (i) The beneficiary's only legal disability is minority and he or she is in active military, naval, or air service, or the widow or widower of a veteran.
- (ii) The minor is deemed otherwise emancipated under State law.

[40 FR 54247, Nov. 21, 1975, as amended at 42 FR 34282, July 5, 1977]

§ 13.57 Payment to the wife or husband of incompetent veteran.

Compensation, pension or emergency officers' retirement pay of a veteran rated or judicially declared incompetent, may be paid to the veteran's spouse, provided the spouse is qualified to administer the funds payable and agrees to use the amounts paid for the veteran and the veteran's dependents, if any.

[40 FR 54247, Nov. 21, 1975]

§13.58 Legal custodian.

- (a) Authority. The Veterans Services Officer is authorized to make determinations as to the person or legal entity to be appointed legal custodian to receive Department of Veterans Affairs payments on behalf of a beneficiary who is incompetent or under legal disability by reason of minority or court action. In the absence of special circumstances, the person or legal entity to be appointed legal custodian will be the person or legal entity caring for and/or having custody of the beneficiary or the beneficiary's estate.
- (b) Payment to. Department of Veterans Affairs benefits may be paid to a legal custodian subject to the following conditions:
- (1) The Veterans Services Officer has determined that it would be in the best interests of the beneficiary to appoint a legal custodian.
- (2) The proposed legal custodian is qualified to administer the benefits payable and will agree to:
- (i) Apply the benefits paid for the best interests of the beneficiary,